COMMERCIAL COOKING HOODS, VENTILATION &
FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM GUIDELINES AND
PROCEDURES

Inspection Checklist

GENERAL
The purpose of this inspection checklist is to clarify the minimum building code requirements when preparing for a commercial hood inspection.

These guidelines are to be used for **ALL** commercial cooking hoods, ventilation systems and related fire suppression systems drawings required to be submitted for building permit process.

**NOTE:** Assurance of proper installation of a hood and duct system cannot be made without complete plans and specifications. The procedures set forth in this document are **minimum key requirements** necessary to ensure a timely review and issuance of permits as applied for.


**NOTE:** *Failure to complete items below prior to inspection may result in a re-inspection fee.*

**ITEMS TO COMPLETE BEFORE SCHEDULING A HOOD INSPECTION**
Please complete the following items, as applicable to the specific tenant improvement project prior to calling for a final inspection.

**OTHER DEPARTMENT OR AGENCY INSPECTIONS - POLICIES**

- Air Balance Report by certified third party.
- Provide inspector with a copy of the “Cooking Equipment Maintenance Agreement” contract for all cooking equipment that collects grease.

**INSPECTIONS:** Required Field inspections are mandatory for final approvals.
1. A separate inspection will be required if grease duct is to be encased by metal chase before it is enclosed.
2. Contractor shall do a complete system test prior to Fire Inspector Acceptance Test.
3. A Final Mechanical inspection is required by the Building Department for grease hood and duct. Contractor must provide ladder for roof ventilation inspection.
5. A Final Building inspection required for rated enclosure.
6. Test certifications:
   a. Mechanical system
   b. Alarm system

**48 hour advance notice is the recommended time for scheduling the acceptance test.**
General Commercial Hood Design: It is recommended that the drawing submitted for permitting should indicate either by details or by notes the following areas:

1. All duct seams and joints must have a liquid-light continuous external weld.

2. An opening shall be provided at each change in direction of the duct for purposes of inspection and cleaning. This access door shall be made to be removed without the use of tools.
   - Details to be shown and noted on plans.

3. A manual pull station shall be located at or near one of the exits from the cooking area securely mounted not less than 42" (inches) or more than 48" (inches) from the floor. Manual controls shall not require a pull of more than a forty (40) pound force, nor a movement of more than fourteen inches (14") to secure operation.

4. The system bottles (tanks) may not be installed in ceiling, attics, concealed spaces, crawl spaces and locked rooms. When practical, there should be five feet (5') from the floor to the bottom of the container.

5. Pizza ovens, cabinets or sectional-type appliances that do not generate grease-laden vapors are not required to have a fire extinguishing system installed unless hood extends over appliances generating grease-laden vapors.
   - a. Type II Hood: Gas fired pizza ovens, cabinets; sectional type appliances shall be vented to the outdoors in vent solely for this use and not vented under the hood. A pizza oven in lieu of venting through the roof, the gas valve may interlock to hood fan to shut down gas valve when hood fan is shut off.

6. Grease extractors (filters) are to be U.L. listed and baffled-type.

7. Mesh-type filters shall not be used and will not be acceptable under any circumstance.

8. A portable extinguisher adjacent to cooking equipment shall carry a Class “K” rating and be compatible with the fire suppression system extinguishing agent. Other required extinguishers shall be of proper classification and located as approved by the local fire department.

9. The operation of any extinguishing system shall automatically shut off all sources of fuel and heat to all equipment protected by an extinguishing system. The fuel and electrical supply reset shall be manual.

10. All system piping is to be (puff) tested with inert gas. All nozzles in the suppression system shall be accessible.

11. Except for vertical installation of fire extinguishing piping, all piping shall be installed on the outside of the hood or shall be installed in the hood plenum behind the filters and at least 3/4 inches (3/4") away from all hood surfaces.

12. The hood and other parts of the primary collection system is to be constructed of steel or stainless steel. The minimum nominal thickness of steel shall be 0.043 inch (No. 18 Manufacturers Standard Gauge). The minimum nominal thickness of stainless steel shall be 0.037 inch (No. 20 U.S. Standard Gauge).

13. The interior surfaces of the hood shall not have any areas that can accumulate grease.
Exception: Grease collection systems under filters and troughs on the perimeter of canopy hoods.

1. Canopy hoods must be designed to completely cover the cooking equipment. The edge of the hood shall extend a minimum horizontal distance of six inches (6") beyond the edge of the cooking surface on all open sides. Vertical distance from lower lip of the hood and the cooking surface shall not exceed four-feet.

2. Hoods of the non-canopy type shall be located a maximum of 3 feet above the cooking surface. The edge of the hood shall be set back a maximum of 1 foot from the edge of the cooking surface.

3. Makeup air shall be supplied during the operation of the kitchen exhaust system. The amount of makeup air shall be approximately equal to the amount of exhaust air. The makeup air shall not reduce the effectiveness of the exhaust system. A fire damper may be required in the makeup air entered through the grease hood.

4. The makeup air shall be identified on drawing including CFM of fun units.

5. The air exhausted in every commercial exhaust hood shall pass through grease filters or a grease-removal device.

6. The grease filters shall bear the label of an approved agency and shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for the labeled equipment.

7. All grease filters shall be easily accessible and removable for cleaning.

8. The grease filters shall be installed at a minimum angle of 45 degrees to the horizontal. The filters shall be so arranged to capture and drain grease to a point of collection.

9. Grease filters shall be installed a minimum height of 18 inches above the cooking surface and as specified in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of cooking equipment</th>
<th>Height above cooking surface (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Without exposed flame</td>
<td>½ (6 inches)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposed flame</td>
<td>2 (24 inches)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charcoal burning</td>
<td>4 (48 inches)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Commercial Duct Systems:** - Proper installation of hood and duct systems cannot be made without complete plans and specifications. Drawings must denote the following:

1. The duct system shall be an independent system designed for the removal of kitchen exhaust without any obstructions that may collect grease or residue. A point of collection shall be provided at the base of each vertical rise.

2. The ducts shall be constructed of steel or stainless steel. The minimum nominal thickness of steel shall be 0.055 inch (No. 16 Manufacturers Standard Gauge). The minimum nominal thickness of stainless steel shall be 0.044 inch (No. 18 U. S. Standard Gauge).

3. All external joints and seams are to be welded liquid-tight. Duct connections to the hood shall be welded liquid-tight.

4. The ducts that penetrate a floor, wall, or fire resistance rated assembly shall be enclosed in a fire resistance rated shaft in accordance with the building code. A minimum clearance of 6 inches shall be maintained between the shaft and duct. Access openings shall be provided at clean-out points.

5. The clean-out is to be located on horizontal sections of ducts spaced not more than 20 feet apart. The clean-outs shall be located on the side of the duct having a minimum opening dimension of 12 inches or the width of the duct when less than 12 inches.

6. The motor to an exhaust fan is to be located outside the exhaust air stream.

7. The ducts are exhausted directly as possible to the outdoors.

8. The ducts that terminate above the roof has the discharge located a minimum of 40 inches (40"") above the roof surface. (must be shown on the plans)

9. The exterior wall in which a duct terminates is of noncombustible in accordance with the building code. Other exterior openings shall not be located within 3 feet of the duct termination.

10. Combustible construction shall not be installed within 18" of hood.

11. No electrical shall penetrate the grease duct. (Electrical going to exhaust fan)
SPECIFIC INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMERCIAL HOODS

CURBS FOR ROOFTOP EQUIPMENT

The following items are not approved:

1. Roof curbs shall not be installed over roofing.

2. All roof curbs supporting equipment shall be roofed-in.

3. Wood curbs are not approved in Type I and II Construction.

4. Single pass cooling water systems prohibited: clean running water used exclusively as a cooling medium in an appliance, device, or apparatus is prohibited.

5. Copper, copper alloys, lead and lead alloys, including brass, shall not be used for building sanitary sewer systems except for domestic waste sink traps and short lengths of associated connecting pipes where alternate materials are not practical.